

CLAIM LISTING

1 - 20. (Canceled)

21. (New) A catalyst for exhaust-gas purification in lean-burn engines, comprising:

(i) iron oxide;

5 (ii) platinum or rhodium or a mixture of platinum and rhodium as active metal; and

(iii) a support oxide containing zirconium oxide, cerium/zirconium mixed oxide or

mixtures of these compounds if the active metal used is platinum alone, or the support oxide

containing zirconium oxide, cerium/zirconium mixed oxide, aluminium oxide, aluminosilicate,

silicon oxide, zeolite or mixtures of these compounds if the active metal used is rhodium or a

10 mixture of platinum and rhodium.

22. (New) A catalyst according to claim 21, further comprising a promoter selected from the group consisting of rare earth oxide, gallium oxide or indium oxide or mixtures of these compounds.

23. (New) A catalyst according to claim 22, wherein the iron oxide, the active metal and, if
15 present, the promoter are jointly present on the support oxide.

24. (New) A catalyst according to claim 21, wherein its X-ray diffractogram does not have any reflections which are characteristic of the iron oxide.

25. (New) A catalyst according to claim 21 wherein the mass ratio, based on the metal elements, of the total iron oxide relative to the total active metal is in a range from 1 : 1 to 10 : 1.

20 26. (New) A catalyst according to claim 21 wherein the total active metal forms a proportion of 0.1% by weight to 5% by weight relative to the total support oxide.

27. (New) A catalyst according to claim 22 wherein the rare earth oxide is selected from the group consisting of La, Ce, Pr, Nd, Sm, Eu, Gd, Tb, Dy, Ho, Er, Tm, Yb, Lu oxide and mixtures or mixed oxides thereof.

28. (New) A catalyst according to claim 21 wherein the mass ratio, based on the metal elements, of the total promoter relative to the total active metal is in a range from 1 : 1 to 20 : 1.
29. (New) A catalyst according to claim 21 in the form of a powder, granules, an extrudate, a shaped body or a coated honeycomb body.
- 5 30. (New) A catalyst according to claim 21 further comprising a NO_x storage component.
31. (New) A catalyst according to claim 30, wherein the NO_x storage component is selected from the group consisting of oxides or carbonates of Ba, Sr, La, Pr, Nd, Sm, Eu, Gd, Tb, Dy, Ho, Er, Tm, Yb, Lu, on a porous support oxide.
32. (New) A process for producing a catalyst according to claims 1, comprising the step of
10 bringing the iron oxide (i) or an iron compound from which the said iron oxide is formed as a result of a heat treatment into contact with the active metal (ii) and the support oxide (iii).
33. (New) Use of a catalyst according to claim 21 or a catalyst produced according to claim 32 for removing pollutants from exhaust gases from lean-burn engines.
34. (New) A method for purifying the exhaust gas from lean-burn engines in the rich/lean
15 and/or constant lean mode, wherein a catalyst according to one of claims 21 or a catalyst produced according to claim 32 is used.
35. (New) A method according to claim 34, wherein the rich/lean mode is realized in alternating rich and lean cycles, with the ratio of the duration of lean cycles to the duration of rich cycles, in normal driving mode, being at least 10 : 1, and the absolute duration of a lean
20 cycle in normal driving mode being from 10 seconds to 180 seconds.
36. (New) A method according to claim 34, wherein the exhaust-gas purification comprises the oxidation of hydrocarbons and carbon monoxide and the reduction of nitrogen oxides, and optionally also, in the case of diesel engines, the removal of particulates.

37. (New) A method according to claim 34, wherein the lean-burn engine is selected from the group consisting of spark-ignition engines with direct petrol injection, hybrid engines, diesel engines, multi-fuel engines, stratified charged engines and spark-ignition engines with unthrottled part-load operation and higher compression or with unthrottled part-load operation or
5 higher compression, each with direct injection.

38. (New) A method according to claim 34, wherein the catalyst is installed in a position close to the engine or in an underfloor position.

39. (New) A method according to claim 34, wherein a NO_x sensor is used to control the rich/lean cycle, and a richer phase is induced precisely when a predetermined NO_x limit value is
10 exceeded.

40. (New) A method according to claim 34, wherein the catalyst is used in combination with at least one of the catalysts or filters selected from the following group: starting catalyst, HC-SCR catalyst, NO_x storage catalyst, λ -controlled three-way catalyst, particulate filter, soot filter.